

PATENT APPLICATION

NURSING PILLOW AND METHODS

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NURSING PILLOW AND METHODS

BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

[0001] This invention relates generally to the field of support pillows, and in particular to support pillows useful in supporting infants, babies and other items. In one particular application, the support pillows may be useful in holding a baby while feeding the baby.

[0002] When feeding a baby, some type of support typically needs to be provided. For example, one common technique used in breast feeding is to position the baby lengthwise across the mother while holding the baby in the mother's arms. A similar position may be used when bottle feeding except that the baby's head may be rested in the crook of the feeder's arm while the rest of the body rests on the feeder's lap.

[0003] In either case, supporting the baby while feeding can tire and fatigue the feeder, especially if feeding is prolonged or is required numerous times throughout the day. To help support the baby, a variety of pillows have been proposed including, for example, those described in U.S. Patent Nos. 5,661,861; 5,581,833 and 5,519,906, the complete disclosures of which are herein incorporated by reference.

BRIEF SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

[0004] This invention is related to other types of support pillows that may be used to facilitate feeding of a baby, among other uses. In one embodiment, the invention provides a nursing pillow that comprises a pillow body having a medial region and two opposing arms with ends extending from the medial region to define an inner well region. The pillow body is sized and configured to permit the medial region to rest on a user's lap, with the ends of the opposing arms being generally adjacent to the user's waist. A support member is disposed across at least a portion of the well region such that the ends of the arms extend beyond the support member. Further, the support member is sized and configured to assist in supporting a baby when lying on the pillow body while the ends of the arms are generally adjacent to the user's waist. Hence, such a pillow may be used to facilitate the feeding of a baby by placing the baby onto the pillow, with the baby's bottom or hip resting on the support member and the upper body being supported by one or more of the arms and/or medial region.

[0005] In one aspect, the support member may comprise a piece of fabric extending across the well region. Conveniently, the piece of fabric may be generally aligned with a midplane of the pillow body. In another aspect, the pillow body may be constructed of a fill material that is enclosed in a fabric cover, and the support member may comprise a continuation of the fabric cover that extends across the well region.

[0006] The dimensions of the support pillow are selected so that the pillow may conveniently fit on the user's lap while also providing the proper position for the baby, such as when feeding or holding the baby. For example, the pillow body may have a thickness in the range from about 3 inches to about 9 inches, and more preferably from about 5 inches to about 7 inches. The well region may have a width in the range of 6 inches to about 9 inches, and more preferably from about 7 inches to about 8 inches. Also, the well region may have a depth in the range of about 9 inches to about 14 inches, and the support member may have a depth in the range from about 4 inches to about 8 inches. The opposing arms may each have a width in the range from about 6 inches to about 12 inches, and more preferably from about 8 inches to about 10 inches. In some cases, the arms may have a variable width. The medial region may further have a depth in the range from about 5 inches to about 9 inches, and more preferably from about 6 inches to about 8 inches.

[0007] The support member may also have an edge that is configured to rest against the user's stomach. Conveniently, the edge may be curved in geometry. The ends of the arms may also be curved in geometry. In one aspect, the pillow body may be U-shaped in geometry.

[0008] The invention in another embodiment provides a method for supporting a baby. The method may utilize a pillow comprising a pillow body having a medial region and two opposing arms extending from the medial region to define an inner well region. A support member is disposed across at least a portion of the well region. The pillow body is placed on a user's lap, with the opposing arms being generally adjacent to the user's waist, and a baby is placed onto the support pillow, with at least some of the baby's weight being supported by the support member.

[0009] In one arrangement, the baby may be placed onto the pillow such that the baby's bottom or hip is positioned on the support member. In this way, the baby's chest and head are somewhat elevated and may also be in contact with the user's chest. Such an arrangement may be particularly useful when bottle feeding, breast feeding, or simply holding the baby,

especially when sleeping. Further, in cases where the baby is congested, elevating the baby's chest and head may help the baby breath easier.

[0010] The pillow may also be used for resting at least one of the user's arms to help prevent the arms from becoming fatigued.

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BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

[0011] Fig. 1 is a perspective view of one embodiment of a support pillow according to the invention.

[0012] Fig. 2 is a front view of the pillow of Fig. 1.

10 [0013] Fig. 3 is a cross sectional side view of the pillow of Fig. 2 taken along lines 3-3.

[0014] Fig. 4 illustrates the pillow of Fig. 1 when used for nursing a baby according to the invention.

[0015] Fig. 5 illustrates another embodiment of a support pillow according to the invention.

15 [0016] Fig. 6 illustrates a further embodiment of a support pillow according to the invention.

[0017] Fig. 7 illustrates the pillow of Fig. 5 when use for nursing a baby according to the invention.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF THE INVENTION

20 [0018] The invention provides embodiments of support pillows and methods for their use. In some embodiments, the pillows may be configured to extend at least partially around the user's waste while also providing an inner well region that is disposed over the user's lap. A support member may extend across at least a portion of the well region and may be used to help hold a baby when lying on the pillow. For instance, the baby's mid section may be held
25 by the support member while the baby's chest and/or head may be supported by the pillow. In this way, the pillow may be used to hold the baby when bottle feeding, breast feeding, sleep, or simply lying. Further, the pillow may be used to hold other items as well, such as food, books, magazines, games, computers, electronic controls, and the like.

[0019] The support pillows are particularly useful when the user is in a sitting position so
30 that the pillow may be held across the user's lap. Optionally, a strap may be connected to the

ends of the pillows arms and extend around the user's waist to help hold the pillow to the user, especially when the user stands or moves around in a chair or couch.

[0020] The support pillows are configured such that they easily fit the shape of essentially any waist by having the arms of the pillow terminate at the user's side. At the same time, the support member provides sufficient support for the baby. Such a configuration also helps the user to be positioned in an ergonomically correct orientation while nursing or feeding the baby. Another feature is that the support pillow may be sized to fit within a rocking chair while also being large enough to properly support the baby. The contoured nature of the pillow also allows the pillow to sit close to the user while resting comfortably on the user's lap, such as when feeding. The slightly sloping sides of the pillow body also elevates the baby's back and head to facilitate nursing.

[0021] Referring now to Figs. 1-3, one embodiment of a support pillow 10 will be described. Support pillow 10 comprises a pillow body 12 that may be generally defined in terms of a medial region 14 and two opposing arms 16 and 18 having ends 20 and 22, respectively. The medial region 14 together with arms 16 and 18 partially surround and define a well region 24. Disposed across a portion of well region 24 is a support member 26 that is designed to assist in supporting some or all of an object resting on pillow 10.

[0022] As best shown in Fig. 3, pillow body 12 may be constructed of a fill material 28 that is covered with a fabric cover 30. The fill material 28 may comprise essentially any type of material that is safe to be used with humans and that provides the necessary firmness for pillow 10. Examples of fill materials include fibers, foams, feathers, and the like. Fabric cover 30 may comprise essentially any type of fabric that is safe to be used around babies, such as cotton and polyester fabrics. The pillow body may be filled with a sufficient amount of fill material 28 so that it is relatively firm. In this way, when a baby rests on pillow body 12, it only slightly deforms.

[0023] To facilitate manufacturing, cover 30 may be constructed of a top piece 32, a middle piece 34 and a bottom piece 36. These pieces may be sewn together along seam lines to enclose the fill material 28. Use of middle piece 34 also provides pillow 10 with greater flexibility so that arms 16 and 18 may be manipulated without causing buckling of the pillow body 12. Conveniently, support member 26 may be a continuation of top piece 32 and bottom piece 36 that are sewn together along the inner edges of arms 16 and 18, along medial region 14 and along an outer edge 38 of support member 26. However, it will be appreciated

that other methods of constructing support member 26 may be used as well. For example, support member 26 may comprises a separate piece of fabric. As another example, support member 26 could be constructed of a mesh material, netting, it may have holes or it may include a fill material as well. Support member 26 may be constructed of a non-stretchable material or a stretchable material to permit arms 16 and 18 to be further separate from each other.

[0024] As shown in Fig. 2, support member 38 slightly droops. In this way, a seat is formed in the inner well region for receiving the baby's bottom while the upper torso and head are elevated by the pillow body. Also, such a configuration is comfortable for the baby..

10 [0025] In some cases, support pillow 10 may be constructed using materials and techniques similar to those described in U.S. Patent Nos. 5,261,134; 5,546,620; 5,661,861; 6,038,720; 6,055,687; 6,434,770; 6,532,612; 6,279,185; and 6,412,128, the complete disclosures of which are herein incorporated by reference. Also, it will be appreciated that pillow 10 could be constructed to be inflatable as well.

15 [0026] As best shown in Fig. 1, outer edge 38 of support member 26 is curved and is designed to rest against the user's stomach. This permits pillow body 12 to sit closer to the user, such as when the pillow 10 sits on the user's lap when feeding a baby. Ends 16 and 18 may conveniently be curved, or they may have other shapes as well, such as straight. In some cases, outer edge 38 is spaced apart from ends 16 and 18, such as by a distance in the range
20 from about 1 inch to about 8 inches. Such a design enables the ends 16 and 18 to be positioned adjacent the user's sides while outer edge 38 is generally adjacent to the user's stomach. In this way, well region 24 is moved closer to the user.

[0027] Pillow 10 may be generally U-Shaped in geometry so that medial region 14 rests on the user's lap while arms 16 and 18 are generally positioned adjacent to the user's sides as
25 illustrated in Fig. 4. Although the outer shape is generally a continuous curve, it will be appreciated that other shapes may be used as well, such as a pillow having corners where the arms and medial region intersect.

[0028] Arms 16 and 18 and medial region 14 may be constructed so that they are generally curved to form slightly sloping surfaces down to support member 26. In this way, the slight
30 slope elevates the baby's back and head for easy nursing as illustrated generally in Fig. 4. Further, the arms 16 or 18 may be used to help hold the user's arm when nursing or feeding the baby. When nursing or feeding a baby, support member 26 provides support for the

baby's bottom or hip; and the sloping surfaces of the opposite arm 16 or 18 and medial region 14 help hold the baby in place so that the baby will not slide or move around during feeding. Hence, as shown in Fig. 4, a user may nurse a baby while sitting upright in an ergonomically correct position, with the user's arms resting on arms 16 and 18. Further, the baby's mouth is properly positioned in front of the mother's breast so that the mother may comfortably nurse the baby. The sloping surfaces of the pillow body properly orient the baby while also holding the baby in the proper position.

[0029] As previously described, the dimensions of the support pillow 10 may be selected so that the pillow 10 may conveniently fit on the user's lap while also providing the proper position for the baby, such as when feeding or holding the baby as illustrated in Fig. 4. For example, the pillow body 12 may have a thickness T (see Fig. 2) in the range from about 3 inches to about 9 inches, and more preferably from about 5 inches to about 7 inches. The well region 24 may have a width W (see Fig. 1) in the range of 6 inches to about 9 inches, and more preferably from about 7 inches to about 8 inches. Also, the well region 24 may have a depth d (see Fig. 3) in the range of about 9 inches to about 14 inches, and the support member 26 may have a depth D (see Fig. 1) in the range from about 4 inches to about 8 inches. The opposing arms 16 and 18 may each have a width W_d in the range from about 6 inches to about 12 inches, and more preferably from about 8 inches to about 10 inches, which may vary over the length of the arms. The medial region 14 may further have a depth D_p in the range from about 5 inches to about 9 inches, and more preferably from about 6 inches to about 8 inches.

[0030] Such dimensions are particularly well suited when pillow 10 is used to facilitate nursing or feeding of a baby. However, it is conceivable that smaller or larger pillows could be used for other applications. For example, a smaller pillow could be made as a toy.

[0031] The pillows of the invention may also include various pockets to hold a wide assortment of items, such as bottles, pacifiers, toys, rattles, drinks, phones, food and the like. As shown in Fig. 5, pillow 10 has been modified to include a pocket 50 that is shown holding a bottle 52. Pocket 50 may conveniently be formed of a fabric that may be attached to pillow 10 using a variety of fastening devices, such as thread, snaps, a hook and loop fastener material, buttons, glue or the like. Further, the size and location of pocket 50 may vary depending on the size of the item or items to be held. Optionally, the top end of pocket 50 may include an elastic material 54 to help hold items within the pocket.

[0032] As shown in Fig. 6, pillow 10 may be modified to include multiple pockets. As shown, pillow 10 has pockets 56 and 58. These are disposed at the medial region; however, it will be appreciated that they may be located at other areas as well. Fig. 7 illustrates the pillow of Fig. 6 when using by a nursing mother.

- 5 [0033] The invention has now been described in detail for purposes of clarity and understanding. However, it will be appreciated that certain changes and modifications may be practiced within the scope of the appended claims.